# BANKING DAN CANNABIS

Legal cannabis businesses continue to operate mostly in cash during the green rush.

By Jean Saylor Doppenberg

t any time of day, the average looking car or van driving near you on a city street or zipping past you on Highway 101 could be filled with a half-million dollars of legal cannabis industry cash. Stacks and stacks of bills gathered from cannabis retailers and manufacturers zigzag here and there, being transported from one private safe haven to another because the typical federally-insured consumer bank will not accept large amounts of paper money from this industry.



Cannabis is legal to sell and consume in California, but remains illegal at the federal level, and that's not likely to change anytime soon. So the state's legal cannabis businesses must continue to pay taxes, pay employees, and pay operating expenses mostly in cash.

For better or worse, legal cannabis is here to stay. Now the banking industry is feeling the heat to step up its game and open its doors to cannabis accounts.

that cannabis was becoming an increasingly important part of our local economy, and then with the passage of Proposition 64 in 2016 [legalization of recreational cannabis], we knew that would create a huge influx of cannabis operators here and demand for their products. We also heard the many reports of home invasions and burglaries of cannabis operators. One of our members, who wasn't even involved in the cannabis industry, was killed in a home

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-Annie Holman The Galley

### Making communities safer

Annie Holman recently attended the national cannabis industry's State of the Union in Sacramento, where banking options—or lack thereof—were the first topic of discussion. "I noticed that the thinking around banking for our industry is shifting. People are talking more about it, and it's on everyone's radar."

Two years ago, North Bay Credit Union stopped talking about it and took action. The credit union is the oldest in Sonoma County, established in 1948 by and for agriculture producers. "We felt it was our mission and duty to help address the issue of cannabis banking and be part of the solution," says Chris Call, chief executive officer of the credit union, which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration.

"We had been considering serving the cannabis industry and watched it closely for a couple of years," says Call. "Realizing

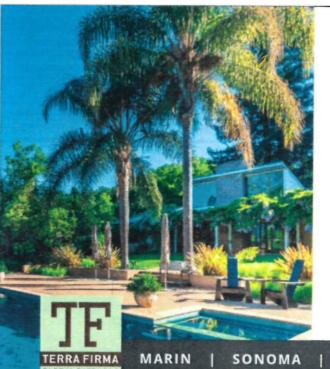
invasion for that reason. The credit union's board and I believed the banking industry's refusal to accept cannabis money was creating an enormous public safety issue."

The credit union's board looked at the potential fallout in the community, including the reputational risk such a bold move would make. "If anything, our reputation has been enhanced," he adds. "We're trying to do something good for the community. Even if some people here don't support the use of cannabis, they support making our streets safer."

Late in 2017, following thorough legal research and an extensive



Annie Holman



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preparation period to meet with its regulators, the North Bay Credit Union board approved a program to establish deposit accounts for cannabis operators. The application process began in November 2017.

## Special compliance department

Earlier this year, Call released a statement explaining why the credit union was "going out on a limb" to support the cannabis industry: "We are completely transparent with our credit union regulators and law enforcement entities about our activities," he stated. "We do not accept cash from cannabis operations at our branches. Cash is picked up at the customer's place of business via armored car and delivered to our account at the Federal Reserve Bank. We perform reviews of every sales transaction to ensure it represents a state legal sale to an authorized individual or licensed company. We submit voluminous reports to federal agencies and are the *de facto* eyes and ears of law enforcement for the movement of funds through the accounts. Transporting large amounts of cash around our community and storing cash in homes and unprotected businesses creates an incentive for both crime and violence. A business owner should not be walking city streets with a duffle bag full of cash to pay her bills."

As the credit union began offering banking to cannabis operators, word of mouth within the local cannabis community spread quickly, says Call. "When it was announced to the media, it created such an intense demand that we had to turn off the spigot for awhile and stop taking applicants. We started up again a few months ago, and by this summer we will likely have 60 or more cannabis accounts. There's a long queue of applicants we are working our way through."

Call says the credit union instituted a rigorous application process

for cannabis operators, requiring extensive documentation, including background checks and license verifications. "We are dealing only with the best and most professional in the industry. We get a dozen calls a week from interested cannabis operators, and most of them are viable candidates for our services. We're also serving a law enforcement component because we have created a paper trail that otherwise would be nonexistent on the black market."

North Bay Credit Union created an entire compliance department from scratch just to handle cannabis accounts, which necessitated hiring about 10 new employees—including anti-money laundering specialists—together with a significant investment in software and infrastructure.

"Starting this service was expensive and labor-intensive for us," says Call. "We've had to acquire numerous tech solutions to monitor all the cannabis transactions, not to mention consulting with legal advisors and other professionals. But we believe we are making an impact by removing cash from the street and putting it in a secure institution."

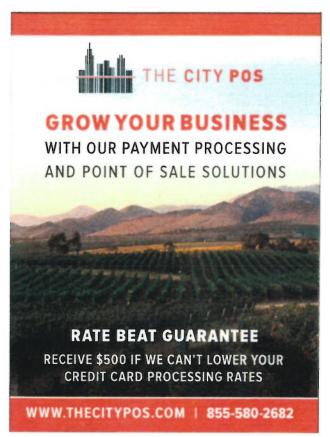
The credit union's expansion into cannabis accounts also necessitated moving to larger headquarters at 397 Aviation Boulevard this summer.

Meanwhile, most financial institutions are waiting patiently for cannabis to be descheduled by the federal government from a dangerous drug to a legal substance. (See "Pending in Congress" on page 42.) Only then will they make a determination to pursue cannabis clients.

### No pandemic

"The cannabis industry itself still has a highly-illegal component







A ribbon-cutting dedication at North Bay Credit Union's Sonoma branch last year.

IPhoto courtesy of North Bay Credit Union!

and will probably remain that way for many years, so regulated businesses such as ours need to be careful," explains Jim Brush, president of Summit State Bank. "Summit is a publicly traded bank on the Security Exchange Commission, and a fair number of banks our size and smaller are not. We are state-chartered, so we have two sets of regulators, one from the state of California and one on the federal side.

"It's interesting to note that the state regulators come across significantly different from the federal regulators. The state regulators are at the point of encouraging us to bank with permitted cannabis operators, but that's not what the feds are saying. They say if we take on that industry it's at our own risk and we must have a robust MRB [marijuana-related businesses] plan in place."



## Bank Accessibility Bill Proposed for California

In late May, the California Senate approved legislation to create state-chartered cannabis banks to assist the cannabis industry with access to banking services. The Cannabis Limited Charter and Credit Union Law, SB51, was still awaiting approval of the Assembly and Governor Gavin Newsom as this issue went to press.

Passed by a vote of 36 to 1, the legislation would allow for private banks or credit unions to apply for a limited-purpose state charter, so they may provide depository services to licensed cannabis businesses. The goal of the bill is to significantly decrease the large amounts of cash that these businesses collect, which a state cannabis panel declared last year, "makes cannabis businesses, their employees, and their customers targets of violent crime."

Nearly all federally-insured banks in the state refuse to accept legal cannabis cash, unless the law is changed, cannabis is still illegal at the federal level.

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## "It's a multi-billion-dollar industry, and right now the atmosphere is like the Wild West. But local banks will sit on the sidelines until it's federally legal."

-Chris Call, CEO, North Bay Credit Union

Technically, North Bay Credit Union is in violation of federal banking laws, says Call, because it's aiding and abetting federally illegal business operations. "But Attorney General William Barr has said publicly [at his confirmation hearing] that the Department of Justice is not interested in pursuing prosecution or investigations of cannabis operations being conducted in states that have legalized it. So the cannabis question is on the back burner at the DOJ. It already has enough to worry about."

The risk is remote that the feds will knock down the credit union's door any time soon, he adds. "I invited the Federal Bureau of Investigation to look at our operation for cannabis accounts. They appreciated the offer, but politely declined. I think they didn't want to appear to be giving any kind of approval."

According to Brush, most traditional banks are reluctant to offer services to cannabis operators. "Most banks are conservative and don't need the [cannabis] business, and are just looking to stay out of trouble," he says. "That said, our bank gets lots of calls about this topic every week and we have conversations with customers all the time. But there's been no pandemic here in the North Bay by moving into recreational cannabis, and there's nothing to support that it causes a pandemic."

He points out that cannabis isn't the only high-volume cash business around. "You can't start singling out one business or

industry over another for regulation," says Brush. "Grocery stores, for instance, deal in large volumes of cash, and are experiencing a higher proportion of cash business as you migrate out of San Francisco, up through Sonoma County, and into Mendocino and Humboldt counties."

### A win for security services

As long as cannabis remains illegal at the federal level, and traditional banks won't offer accounts to cannabis operators, this largely cash-dependent industry will give private security companies

an opportunity to thrive. One such company is HARDCAR Security, based in Palm Springs, which is operating in 10 states. It has a staff of several people in the North Bay.

"HARDCAR is like the Brinks of the cannabis industry," says Todd Kleperis, chief executive officer. "In California, we cover Del Norte County all the way down to Calexico. Transport is 90 percent of what we do, moving cash to Federal Reserve Banks and picking up and delivering large volumes of



Todd Kleperis, chief executive officer HARDCAR



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HARDCAR enforcement agents [Photo courtesy of HARDCAR]

cannabis and cannabis products, such as distillate [a highly potent oil used to make edibles and topicals, among other things]. One 55-gallon barrel of cannabis distillate is worth about \$5 million."

The company operates a large fleet of discreet armored vehicles that look nothing like the Brinks or Loomis trucks that service banks, and Kleperis employs all military veterans. Most have served in the Iraq and Afghanistan wars and are fully trained in the use of firearms.

"HARDCAR is federally monitored and regulated at a much higher level than other cannabis security companies," he says. "We even bought a private investigation firm just to protect banks from some of the nefarious idiots who get involved with cannabis money. As a result, all of our cannabis clients are thoroughly vetted from A to Z."

### No more whispering

According to Holman, five years ago, the thought of cannabis being legalized at the federal level was unlikely, but now a change in attitude is happening faster than she once believed. "The old 'reefer madness' stereotypes are long gone, and people in this industry are able to come forward to identify themselves as card-carrying cannabis operators. We don't have to whisper it anymore. We're more comfortable now because there are so many of us, and our conversations are finally forcing these bigger issues such as banking." Descheduling cannabis likely won't occur until there's a new administration in power in Washington, D.C., says Call, but in the meantime there will be incremental steps to make banking more available to the industry.

"It's a multi-billion-dollar industry, and right now the atmosphere is like the Wild West," he says. "But local banks will sit on the sidelines until it's federally legal. Our credit union won't be able to handle all the business, so I hope we can get other financial institutions to jump in. However, no other local banks have contacted me to inquire how to begin the process of working with cannabis clients. It's so scary that there's all this cash floating around out there and subject to crime, when it could be handled electronically and safely."

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## Pending in Congress

egislation has been introduced in Congress that would ease restrictions on cannabis related to its legality nationwide, as well as support safe financial services for the cannabis industry.

The STATES Act (Strengthening the Tenth Amendment Through Entrusting States Act, S.3032) would recognize legalization of cannabis and the U.S. state laws that have legalized it through their legislatures. The act would amend the Controlled Substances Act of 1970 to exempt from federal enforcement those individuals or corporations in states that are in compliance. A companion bill is also moving through the House of Representatives.

The SAFE Banking Act of 2019 (Secure and Fair Enforcement Act, H.R.1595) was part of the banking provisions of the STATES Act that have been reintroduced in Congress as a separate piece of legislation. It would create protections for depository institutions that provide financial services to cannabis-related legitimate businesses and service providers. The purpose of the act is to increase public safety by reducing the amount of cash at such businesses, while also protecting banks and their employees from liability for federal prosecution.

"This is simple: not incorporating an \$8.3 billion industry into our banking system is hurting our public safety and economy," said California Attorney General Xavier Becerra in a prepared statement in early May. "When it comes to the cannabis industry, California has made clear that it is moving forward, and our nation should do the same. The SAFE Banking Act would reward taxpayers and small and local licensed businesses that play by the rules. We urge Congress to pass legislation to meet the demands of our growing economy."

Becerra is among a bipartisan coalition of 38 attorneys general nationwide who are urging Congress to pass the SAFE Banking Act.

In their letter to congressional leaders in May, the AGs argued that under existing law, federal regulators are forcing legal businesses to operate as cash-only operations, which poses serious safety threats, creating targets for violent and white-collar crime. In addition, law enforcement is less able to track potential financial crimes, and it is more difficult for businesses to pay—and for the state to collect—tax deposits. The SAFE Banking Act permits cannabis businesses to access the federal banking system.

Meanwhile, the Marijuana Justice Act of 2019 was introduced in the Senate in February to amend the Controlled Substances Act to provide a new rule regarding its application of the act to marijuana. The act would eliminate marijuana possession charges nationwide and retroactively expunge the criminal records of U.S. citizens charged with crimes relating to pot possession. The House of Representatives is discussing a companion bill.

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